

## Tracheal intubation in children using the laryngeal mask

**Andreas Machotta**

Sophia Children's Hospital  
Erasmus MC, Rotterdam  
The Netherlands

## Compromised airway

---

**Airway where we anticipate both a difficult mask ventilation and a difficult intubation**

## Used equipment

---

**RUESCH (Germany) blue swivel connector: „Mainzer Adapter“**

## Children with compromised airway

---

- Craniofacial malformations
- Mucopolysaccharidoses
- Compromised mouth opening

## Difficult pediatric airway and LMA

Author	Year	Difficult Airway Syndrome	Intub.
Beveridge ME	1989	Pierre-Robin	no
Ebata T et al.	1991	Treacher-Collins	no
Goldie AS et al.	1992	Treacher-Collins	FOI
Inada T et al.	1995	Treacher-Collins	FOI
Walker RWM et al.	1997	Mucopolysaccharidoses	FOI
Bakh JH et al.	1999		FOI
Iohom G et al.	2002	Unusual facies	FOI
Muraika L et al.	2003	Treacher-Collins	FOI

## Series of cases with difficult pediatric airway

- **FOI via an LMA in 34 children**
  - Mucopolysaccharidoses (n=22)
  - Craniofacial syndromes (n=12)
- **LMA provides a good airway in all cases**
  - Ideal to fiberoptic intubation
- **Anesthetic technique**
  - Inhalational induction with HAL and SEVO
  - Children were kept spontaneously breathing
  - Topical anesthesia with lidocaine

Walker RWM: The laryngeal mask airway in the difficult paediatric airway: an assessment of positioning and use in fiberoptic intubation. Paediatr Anaesth 2000; 10:53-58

## Fiberoptic intubation via LMA of an infant with 5,6 kg BW with Pierre-Robin sequence

Technique in 6 steps

eSpo<sup>2012</sup>-amsterdam

OLYMPUS

Erasmus MC  
*Erasmus*



eSpo<sup>2012</sup>-amsterdam

OLYMPUS

Erasmus MC  
*Erasmus*

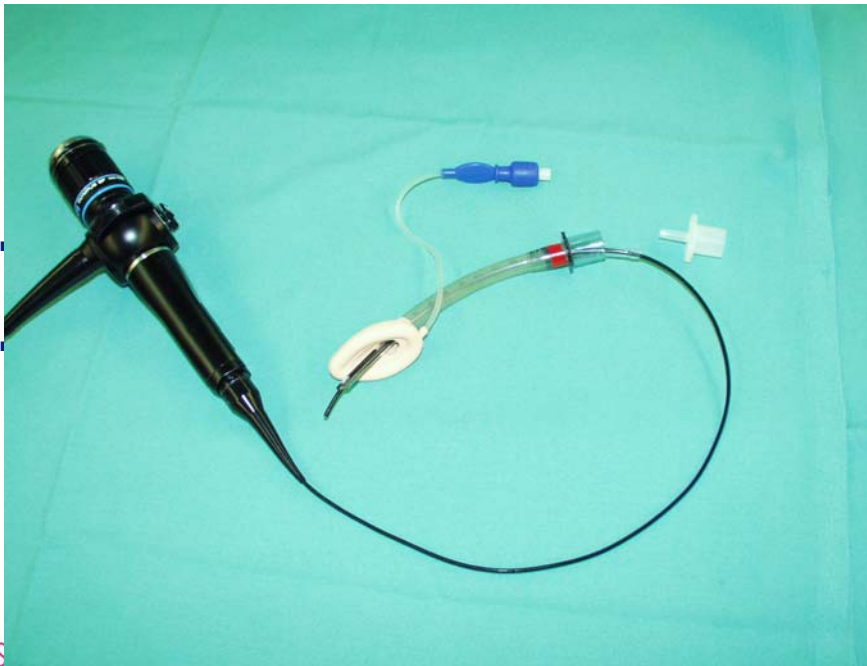
## Step 1: Ventilation via LMA

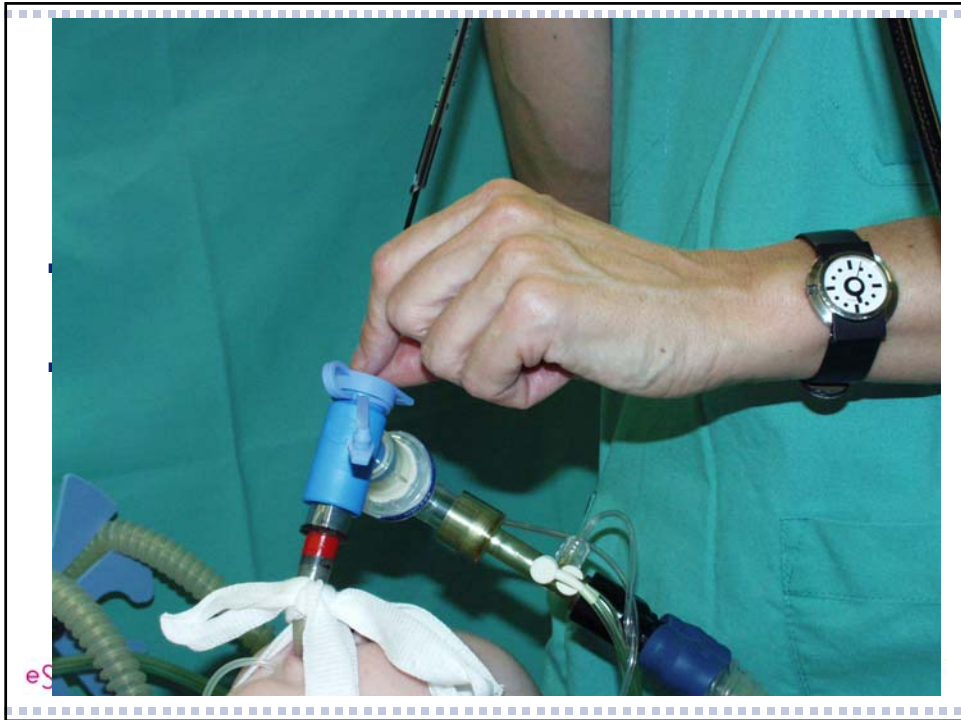
- Mask induction with sevoflurane
- Insert a LMA # 1,5
- Prepare the LMA with a 90 degree swivel connector
- Ventilate the patient



## Step 2: Insert a thin fiberoptic bronchoscope prepared with the endotracheal tube into the trachea

- Thread the 2.3 mm fiberscope through the 3.5 mm tracheal tube
- Insert the fiberscope through the LMA into the trachea





### Step 3: Place the tube into the trachea

- Pull the swivel connector towards the handle of the fiberscope
- Place the tracheal tube through the LMA into the trachea using the fiberscope as a guide wire





## Step 4: Ventilate the patient

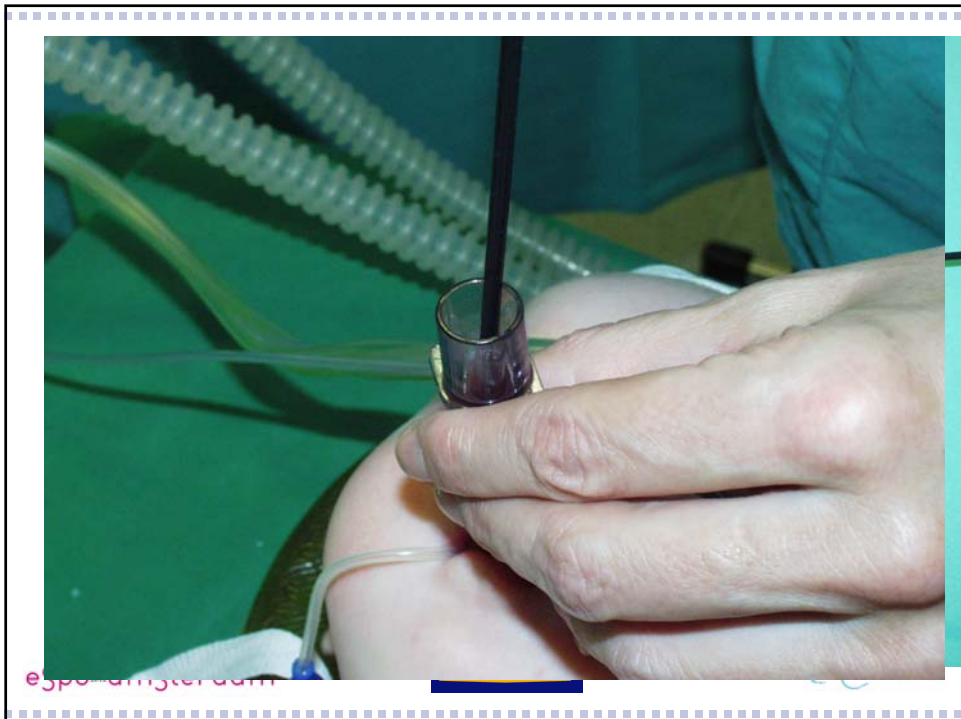
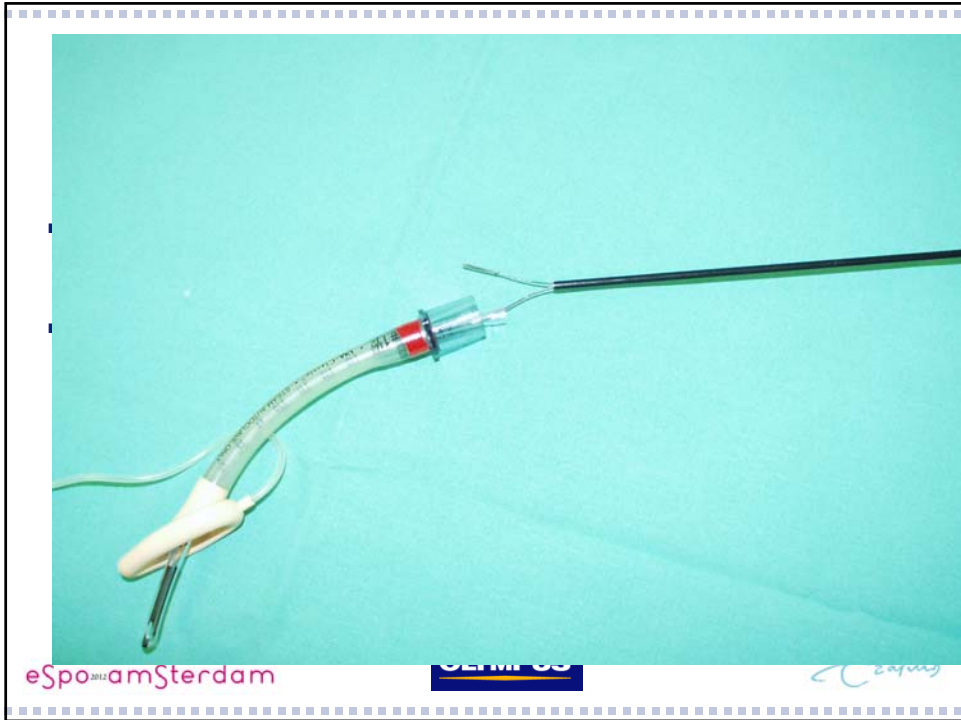
- Remove the fiberscope
- Remove the swivel connector
- Add the tube connector
- Connect the patient with the ventilator
- Ventilate the patient
- Relax



## Step 5: Remove the LMA

- Secure the tracheal tube with a thin and long forceps (e.g. endoscopy, bronchoscopy)
- Pull and remove the LMA







## Step 6:: Place the tube

- Place the tube
- Ventilate the patient and fix the tube as usual

